

関係代名詞

のwho

(who自体は訳さない)

素通りするトンネルのようなもの

(例) Do you know the girl ?

Do you know the girl who is playing tennis ?

少女

テニスをしている

② ←

①

①②の順に訳せばOK.

(練習1) 日本語訳を書きなさい。

(1) Do you know the boy who is playing the guitar ?

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(2) I have a friend who has a dog .

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①

(3) I have an aunt who lives in Canada .

おば②

①

(4) Mary is a kind girl who is loved by everyone .

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①

(5) Tom is a boy who likes swimming .

②

①

(6) Mr.Hall is the teacher who teaches us English .

②

①

(例)

The girl who is playing tennis is my sister .

② ←

①

は、私の妹です。

(練習2) 日本語訳を書きなさい。

(1) The boy who is playing the guitar is my friend .

②

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(2) The boy who has a dog likes animals .

②

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(3) An aunt who lives in Canada will come to Japan next week .

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(4) A kind girl who is loved by everyone is helping her mother .

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(5) A boy who likes swimming is Emi's brother .

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(6) The teacher who teaches us English is from America .

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関係代名詞

(例) Do you know the girl **who** is playing tennis ?

先行詞 関係代名詞

Do you know the girl ? **She** is playing tennis .

(練習1) 上の例のように、2つの文に分けて書きなさい。

(1) Do you know the boy **who** is playing the guitar ?

(2) I have a friend **who** has a dog .

(3) I have an aunt **who** lives in Canada .

(4) Mary is a kind girl **who** is loved by everyone .

(5) Tom is a boy **who** likes swimming .

(例) Kenta is a boy . **He** likes swimming .

Kenta is a boy **who** likes swimming .

(練習2) 上の例のように、関係代名詞who を用いて1つの文にшинаさい。

(1) Tom is a boy . **He** likes to play baseball .

(2) Mika is a girl . **She** likes rock music .

(3) Meg is a girl . **She** often helps her friends .

(4) I have some friends . **They** can speak English very well .

(5) Do you know the girls ? **They** are running in the park .

関係代名詞

(例) Did you read the letter **which** was written by Emi ?

先行詞 関係代名詞

Did you read the letter ? **It** was written by Emi .

ひとつなら → It

複数なら → They

(練習1) 上の例のように、2つの文に分けて書きなさい。

(1) Did you read the book **which** was written by Natsume Soseki ?

(2) Did you read the books **which** were written by Natsume Soseki ?

(3) Do you know the dog **which** is running with my sister ?

(4) Do you know the dogs **which** are running with my sister ?

(5) I have a dog **which** has long hair .

(例) This is a letter . **It** was written fifty years ago .

This is a letter **which** was written fifty years ago .

(練習2) 上の例のように、関係代名詞which を用いて1つの文にшинаさい。

(1) That is a new school . **It** was built last year .

(2) This is a book . **It** can help you a lot .

(3) This is the song . **It** made her famous .

先行詞が先頭にある場合は注意が必要

(4) The cat is Tama . **It** is sleeping under the chair .

The cat **which**

(5) The building is our school . **It** is the highest in this city .

関係代名詞・目的格のwhich

(which自体は訳さない)

素通りするトンネルのようなもの (例1) That is the chair .

That is the chair which my father made .

いす

私の父が作った

②

①

(練習1) 日本語訳を書きなさい。

①②の順に訳せばOK.

(1) That is the cake which my mother made .

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(2) That is the CD player which Mike bought .

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①

(3) I like the bike which he gave me .

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①

(4) Please tell me about the book which you read yesterday .

②

①

(5) I want to buy a TV which I can watch in my room .

②

①

(6) Here is the book which my sister gave to me .

②

①

(例2) The book which I read yesterday was interesting .

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は、おもしろかった。

(練習2) 日本語訳を書きなさい。

(1) The dog which I saw this morning was very big .

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(2) The fish which she cooked was very good .

②

①

(3) The dictionary which I use every day is very old .

②

①

(4) The car which he bought last year was made in Japan .

②

①

(5) The books which he wrote are read all over the world .

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関係代名詞・目的格のwhich

(例1) That is the chair **which** my father made .

先行詞

関係代名詞

That is the chair . My father made **it** .

ひとつなら ➡ **it**

複数なら ➡ **them**

(練習1) 上の例のように、2つの文に分けて書きなさい。

(1) That is the CD player **which** Mike bought .

(2) Those are the cakes **which** my mother made .

(3) I like the bike **which** he gave me .

(4) Please tell me about the book **which** you read yesterday .

(5) I want to buy a TV **which** I can watch in my room .

(例2) This is the letter . He wrote **it** yesterday .

This is the letter **which** he wrote yesterday .

(練習2) 上の例のように、関係代名詞which を用いて1つの文にしなさい。

(1) That is the book . She read **it** yesterday .

(2) This is the magazine . I like **it** the best .

(3) We enjoyed the lunch . My aunt cooked **it** for us .

(4) That is the bike . My brother has used **it** for three years .

(5) These are the dogs . I saw **them** in the park yesterday .