

学習目標: 関係代名詞所有格の出番である。余談だが以前は中学範囲の学習項目であった。それがなぜか仲間はずれにされてしまったのである。

I know a boy. + His father is a tennis player.

= I know a boy whose father is a tennis player.

「私はお父さんがテニスプレイヤーの男の子を知っている。」

...となる。先行詞と修飾の関係は主格や目的格と同じである。先行詞が形容詞節の中で所有格の働きをしていれば whose となる。所有格の関係代名詞は先行詞にかかわらず whose だけ。ただし前置詞を伴って of which も whose と同様に働く。理屈はともかく和訳に癖があるので練習して慣れるのみ。



使用上の注意を守ってお使い下さい。よく勉強します。

関係代名詞所有格 whose 1-1

次の二つの文を、関係代名詞を使って一つの文に書き換え、できた文を和訳しなさい。

1. I had a dictionary. Its cover was red. *所有格の代名詞が何を指しているかを考える。それが先行詞となる。
2. I have a friend. Her mother is a doctor.
3. What is the building? Its roof is blue.
4. They needed a car. Its engine was powerful.
5. Do you know the girl? Her name is Kaoru.
6. A woman is called a widow. Her husband is dead. *先行詞が主語である文の語順に注意。節がそっくり先行詞の後ろに入る。
7. That man is a famous writer. Everyone knows his name. *所有格+名詞がこのように目的語になることもある。
8. This boy is a friend of mine. His uncle lives in Rome
9. The old man uttered a word. I couldn't understand its meaning.
10. Can you see a mountain? Its top is covered with snow.
11. The man looks very happy. His son returned from the moon.
12. A boy came along. His right leg was hurt.

| | |
|--------|--------|
| 氏名... | 実施日... |
| 正解率... | 指令... |

関係代名詞所有格 whose 1-1

解答

次の二つの文を、関係代名詞を使って一つの文に書き換え、できた文を和訳しなさい。

1. I had a dictionary. Its cover was red.
I had a dictionary whose cover was red.
2. I have a friend. Her mother is a doctor.
I have a friend whose mother is a doctor.
3. What is the building? Its roof is blue.
What is the building whose roof is blue?
4. They needed a car. Its engine was powerful.
They needed a car whose engine was powerful.
5. Do you know the girl? Her name is Kaoru.
Do you know the girl whose name is Kaoru?
6. A woman is called a widow. Her husband is dead.
A woman whose husband is dead is called a widow.
7. That man is a famous writer. Everyone knows his name.
That man whose name everyone knows is a famous writer.
8. This boy is a friend of mine. His uncle lives in Rome.
This boy whose uncle lives in Rome is a friend of mine.
9. The old man uttered a word. I couldn't understand its meaning.
The old man uttered a word whose meaning I couldn't understand.
10. Can you see a mountain? Its top is covered with snow.
Can you see a mountain whose top is covered with snow?
11. The man looks very happy. His son returned from the moon.
The man whose son returned from the moon looks very happy.
12. A boy came along. His right leg was hurt.
A boy whose right leg was hurt came along.

やってみて気が付いたかどうか...? 所有格の**関係代名詞**の直後には無冠詞の(a や the、my などの代名詞**名詞**が来る。関係代名詞だけを選択する問題であればそれだけである程度判断ができる。

関係代名詞所有格 whose 1-1

和訳

次の二つの文を、関係代名詞を使って一つの文に書き換え、できた文を和訳しなさい。

1. I had a dictionary whose cover was red.
私は表紙が赤い辞書を持っていた。
2. I have a friend whose mother is a doctor.
私はお母さんが医者である友達がいます。
3. What is the building whose roof is blue?
屋根の青いその建物は何か。
4. They needed a car whose engine was powerful.
彼らは強力なエンジンの自動車を必要としていた。
5. Do you know the girl whose name is Kaoru?
あなたは薫という名のその少女を知っていますか。
6. A woman whose husband is dead is called a widow.
夫を亡くした女性は未亡人と呼ばれます。
7. That man whose name everyone knows is a famous writer.
みんなが名前を知っているあの男の人は有名な作家です。
8. This boy whose uncle lives in Rome is a friend of mine.
叔父がローマに住んでいるこの少年は私の友達です。
9. The old man uttered a word whose meaning I couldn't understand.
その老人は私が理解できない言葉を発した。
10. Can you see a mountain whose top is covered with snow?
頂上が雪で覆われている山が見えますか。
11. The man whose son returned from the moon looks very happy.
息子が月から帰還したその男性はうれしそうに見えます。
12. A boy whose right leg was hurt came along.
右足を怪我した少年が突然現れた。