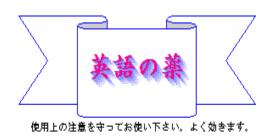
【学習目標】現在完了・完了用法の肯定文の構造、訳し方を徹底的に頭に叩き 込む。ついでに過去形との違いがおぼろげにでも掴めればよし。

例··· I have just eaten lunch.

現在完了は have+過去分詞で作る。和訳は「私ちょうど昼食を食べたところです。」となり完了を表す。肯定文の just,already、疑問・否定文の yet などがあれば完了用法と考える。ちなみに現在完了の用法は他に継続・経験・結果用法がある。



現在完了:完了用法 1-1

例にならい次の過去形の文に()内の語句を加え、現在完了・完了用法の文にしなさい。

例)You made a chair. (already) You have already made a chair. (主語を見て have か has を決める。次に動詞の過去分詞を考える。規則動詞なら過去形と同じ。just や already は過去分詞の前に入る。)

- 1. I finished my homework. (just)
- 2. You cleaned the room. (already)
- 3. They talked with their teacher. (just)
- 4. We came home. (already) *came の過去分詞は何だ!知ってんのか!
- 5 I made a cake. (just) * made の過去分詞は何だ!
- 6. You watched a soccer game. (already)
- 7. He read this book. (just) *read の過去分詞は何だ!
- 8. She sang this song. (already) *sang の過去分詞は何だ!知らんだろ!
- 9. I washed this car. (just)
- 10. She wrote a letter to him. (already) *wrote の過去分詞は何だ!
- 11. He did his work. (just) * did の過去分詞は何だ!これこそ知らんだろ!
- 12. Bill came out of the office. (already)
- 13. Kate used this new computer. (just)
- 14. The child drew a picture of a tiger. (already) *drew の過去分詞は何だ!知れ!
- 15. The train started for Tokyo. (just)
- 16. This woman ran ten kilometers. (already) *ran の過去分詞は何だ!
- 17. My son studied about it. (just)
- 18. Her friend stopped watching TV. (already)
- 19. I arrived here.
- 20. We reached this village.

解答解説を見て答え合わせをした後、英文を和訳しなさい。

氏 名…	実施日・・・
正解率・・・	指令・・・

現在完了・完了用法 1-1 解答

例にならい次の過去形の文に()内の語句を加え、現在完了・完了用法の文にしなさい。 例) You made a chair. (already) You have already made a chair. (主語を見て have か has を決める。次に動詞の過去分詞を 考える。規則動詞なら過去形と同じ。just や already は過去分詞の前に入る。) 1. I finished my homework. (just) I have just finished my homework. You cleaned the room. (already) You have already cleaned the room. They talked with their teacher. (just) They have just talked with their teacher. We came home. (already) *came の過去分詞は何だ!知ってんのか! We have already come home. (just) *made の過去分詞は何だ! I made a cake. I have just made a cake. You watched a soccer game. (already) You have already watched a soccer game. 7. He read this book. (just) *read の過去分詞は何だ! He has just read this book. (already) *sang の過去分詞は何だ!知らんだろ! She sang this song. She has already sung this song. I washed this car. (just) I have just washed this car. 10. She wrote a letter to him. (already) *wrote の過去分詞は何だ! She has already written a letter to him. (just) * did の過去分詞は何だ!これこそ知らんだろ! 11. He did his work. He has just done his work. Bill came out of the office. (already) Bill has already come out of the office. 13. Kate used this new computer. (just) Kate has just used this new computer. 14. The child drew a picture of a tiger. (already) * drew の過去分詞は何だ!知れ! The child has already drawn a picture of a tiger. 15. The train started for Tokyo. (just) The train has just started for Tokyo. 16. This woman ran ten kilometers. (already) *ran の過去分詞は何だ! This woman has already run ten kilometers. 17. My son studied about it. (just) My son has just studied about it. 18. Her friend stopped watching TV. (already) Her friend has already stopped watching TV. 19. I arrived here. *just や already の無い完了用法の文もある。 I have arrived here. *just や already の無い完了用法の文もある。 20. We reached this village. We have reached this village.

解答解説を見て答え合わせをした後、英文を和訳しなさい。



現在完了:完了用法 1-1 和訳

次の英文を和訳しなさい。

1. I have just finished my homework.

2. You have already cleaned the room.

3. They have just talked with their teacher.

4. We have already come home.

5. I have just made a cake.

6. You have already watched a soccer game.

7. He has just read this book.

8. She has already sung this song.

9. I have just washed this car.

10. She has already written a letter to him.

11. He has just done his work.

12. Bill has already come out of the office.

13. Kate has just used this new computer.

14. The child has already drawn a picture of a tiger.

15. The train has just started for Tokyo.

 $16. \ This woman \ has \ already \ run \ ten \ kilometers.$

17. My son has just studied about it.

18. Her friend has already stopped watching TV.

19. I have arrived here.

20. We have reached this village.

私はちょうど宿題を終えたところです。

あなたはすでに部屋を掃除してしまった。

彼らはちょうど先生と話したところです。

私たちはすでに帰宅しました。

私はちょうどケーキを作ったところです。

あなたはもうサッカーの試合を見てしまった。

彼はちょうどこの本を読んだところです。

彼女はもうこの歌を歌ってしまった。

私はちょうどこの車を洗ったところです。

彼女はすでに彼に手紙を書いてしまいました。

彼はちょうど自分の仕事をしたところです。

ビルはもう会社から出てきてしまった。

ケイトはちょうどこの新しいコンピュータを使ったところです。

その子はもうトラの絵を書いてしまいました。

その列車はちょうど東京へ出発したところです。

この女性はすでに10キロ走ってしまった。

私の息子はちょうどそれについて勉強したところです。

彼女の友達はすでにテレビを見ることをやめてしまった。

私はここに着いたところです。

私たちはこの村に着いたところです。

過去のある時点から始まった動作や状態が今終わったことを表す。